## <u>CLAIMS</u>

: claim:

1	]. A welding power source capable of
2	rectiving a range of input voltages, comprising:
3	an input restifier configured to receive an ac
4	input and providing a first dc signal;
5	a do voltage\stage configured to receive the
6	first do signal and providing a second do signal;
7	an inverter configured to receive the second do
8	signal and providing a second ac signal and
9	configured to receive at least one control input;
. O	an output transformer configured to receive the
. 1	secon: ac signal and providing a third ac signal
. 2	having a current suitable for welding;
. 3	an output circuit configured to receive the
L 4	third ac signal and providing a welding signal;
15	a controller configured to provide at least one
16	control signal to the inverter; and
17	an auxiliary power controller configured to
18	receive a range of input voltages and providing a
19	control power signal to the controller.
1	?. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the
2	auxiliary power controller is capable of providing the
3	control power signal at a preselected control signal
4	voltage, regardless of the magnitude of the ac input
5	signal.
1	The apparatus of claim 2, further
2	including an auxiliary transformer with a plurality of
3	primary caps, wherein the auxiliary power controller is
4	in electrical communication with the plurality of primary
5	taps.

voltage stage includes a boost circuit.

:	The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the
2	inverter includes a pulse width modulator.
1	f. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the
2	range of input voltages is 230 volts to 575 volts.
1	7. The apparatus of claim 1 wherein the
2	output cimcuit includes a rectifier.
1	E. The apparatus of claim 1 wherein the
2	output circuit includes a cycloconverter.
1	A method of providing a welding current
2	from a range of input voltages, comprising:
3	rectifying an act input and providing a first do
4	signal:
5	converting the do signal to a second ac signal;
6	transforming the second ac signal into a third
7	ac signal having a current suitable for welding; and
8	receiving the ac imput and providing an
9	auxiliary power signal spurce at a preselected
10	control power signal voltage, regardless of the
11	magnitude of the ac input signal.
1	10. The method of claim 9, wherein the step of
2	converting the dc signal includes the steps of converting
3	the do sagnal to a second do signal and inverting the
4	second do signal to provide the second ac signal.
1	11. The method of claim 9 further including
2	the step of providing control signals to an inverter.
1	12. The method of claim 9, wherein the step of
2	providing the auxiliary power signal includes the step of
7	transforming the ac input signal.

	$\uparrow$ . The method of claim 10, wherein the step
2	of converging the first do signal to a second do signal
	includes stosting the voltage of the first do signal.
3	
	$_{ m Co.}$ The ${ m ar r}$ rethod of claim 10, wherein the step
2	of inverting includes the step of pulse width modulating.
1	15. The method of claim 10 further including
2	the step of rectifying the third ac signal.
1	16. The method of claim 10 further includes
2	the step of cycloconverting the third ac signal.
1	$oldsymbol{ u}_{:::}$ A welding hower source for providing a
2	welding current from a range of input voltages,
3	compressing:
4	rectifier means for receiving an ac input and
5	providing a first do signal;
5	converting means for converting the dc signal
7	to a second ac signal; \
8	cransforming means for transforming the second
9	ac signal into a third ac signal having a current
10	suitable for welding;
11	output means for providing a welding current;
12	and
13	auxiliary power means for receiving the ac
14	input and providing an auxiliary power signal at a
15	preselected control power signal voltage, regardless
16	of the magnitude of the ac input signal.
1	Ma. The apparatus of claim 17, wherein the
2	means for converting includes means for converting the do
3	signal to a second do signal and means for inverting the
4	second do signal to provide the second ac signal.
1	19. The apparatus of claim 17 further
2	including means for providing control signals to an

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inverter

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	1). The apparatus of claim 17, wherein the
2	means for providing the auxiliary power signal includes
3	means for cransforming the ac input signal into the
4	auxiliary power signal.
1	71. The apparatus of claim 17, wherein the
2	means for converting the dc signal to a second dc signal
3	includes means for boosting the voltage.
1	22. The apparatus of claim 17, wherein the
2	means for inverting includes means for pulse width
3	modulating
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1	The apparatus of claim 17, wherein the
2	output means includes means for rectifying the third ac
3	signal.
	the alaim 17 wherein the
1	24. The apparatus of claim 17, wherein the
2	output means includes means for cycloconverting the third
3	ac signal.
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